





The STBA SPAB 2020 Online Conference

Day 1 - 6th October - EMBODIED CARBON

Dr. Tom Woolley Retrofit: why the use of low embodied energy, low carbon breathable materials is crucial



The lesson we learn from considering embodied energy is that we need to work towards a massive reduction in the use of non breathable plastic petrochemical insulation materials

Many organisations calling for better insulation send out mixed messages about this issue

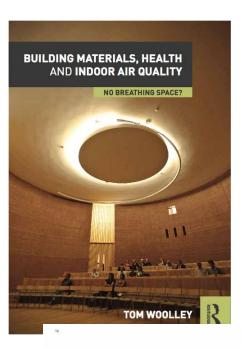




You can read more about my ideas in these books, the latest SEDA magazine and a forthcoming series of articles in Built Environment

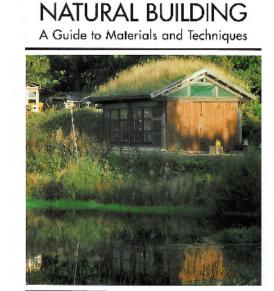














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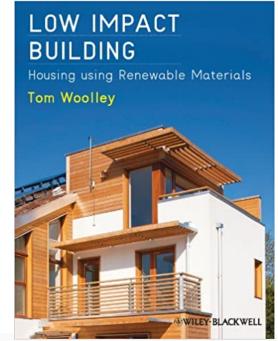
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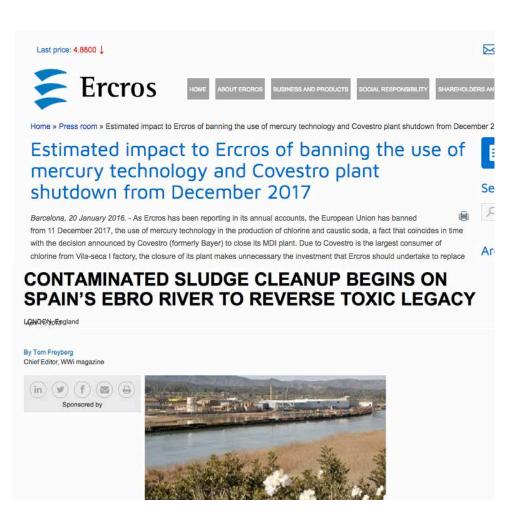






Built Environment Journal

Embodied Energy = CO2 emissions = Pollution The production of plastic foam insulations causes toxic pollution So severe is the toxic waste that it has led to European factory closures



Elimination of chemical pollution in Flix Reservoir



Project management for the elimination of chemical pollution in the Flix Reservoir

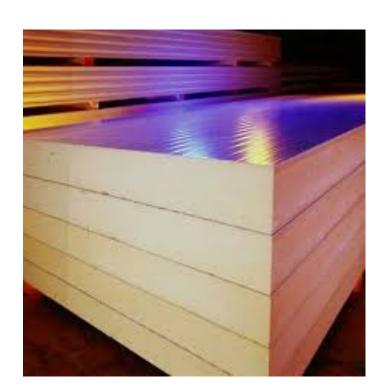
The Flix Factory carries out its activity on the right side of the Ebro River. The waste water from the factory caused the accumulation of silt containing mercury and other types of heavy metals which suppose a risk for the environment and for the use of water resources (supply and watering). For this reason, a sheet pile wall was built on the riverbed to isolate the work area. The project also comprises the removal of polluted silt with a suction dredger, the treatment of silt in the facilities built to that effect and its transportation by a conveyor belt to the spillway located at a distance of 6 km from the reservoir. Additionally, an emergency water supply system was developed for the town of Tortosa based on the water collection from wells together with an Emergency Plan in the event of river pollution.

The closure of factories in Spain and Germany has led to shortages of plastic foam insulations





The main insulation materials used in buildings today are made from high embodied energy, hazardous, petrochemicals that damage health and the planet but *energy efficiency zealots* continue to promote their use as the only "available technology"







Typical insulation materials made of petrochemicals

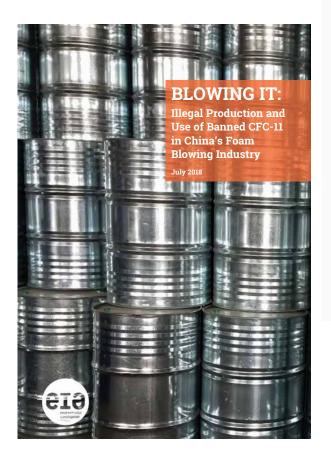






Due to the clamp down on toxic pollution caused by isocyanates and other chemicals used in plastic foam insulation in Europe, production has largely moved to Asia.

Huge increase in CFC emissions, banned in 1992, have been traced to Chinese insulation manufacturers



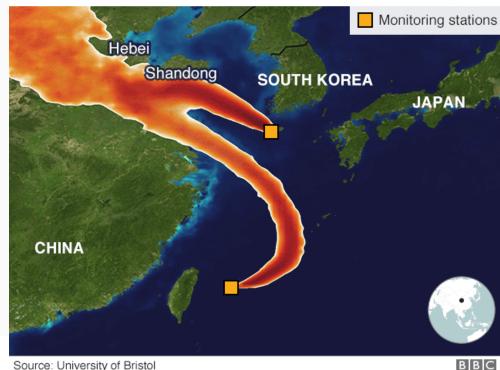
Illegal CFC-11 production: response to China embassy letter

17th August, 2018

China has identified illegal use and production of CFC-11 in a series of actions undertaken in response to our report Blowing it, which recently revealed that companies making polyurethane foams in China continued to use the banned ozone depleting substance.



China CFC Emissions



Source: University of Bristol

Embodied energy of insulation materials is largely ignored and good data is hard to find

- Limitations in current life cycle assessment (LCA) calculation methods and high uncertainty of available data are recognized and reflected in the analyses through studying available environmental product declarations of various types of insulation materials and by modelling a typical semi-detached residential building in the UK as the case study. The results of such approach illustrate 'optimum insulation thicknesses' beyond which the embodied energy penalty outweighs operational energy savings.
- Embodied energy data implications for optimal specification of building envelopes
- Shahaboddin Resalati, Christopher C. Kendrick & Callum Hill Journal Building Research & Information
- Volume 48, 2020 Issue 4 Published online: 27 Sep 2019
- A comparison of the environmental impacts of different categories of insulation materials
- CallumHill AndrewNorton JankaDibdiakova
- Energy and Buildings
- Volume 162, 1 March 2018, Pages 12-20

Embodied Energy: "The Carbon Spike"

Initial embodied emissions never recovered over a 25 year life cycle. We need to reduce the use of high embodied energy petrochemical materials NOW



Sustainability 2011, 3, 1170-1189; doi:10.3390/su3081170



ISSN 2071-1050

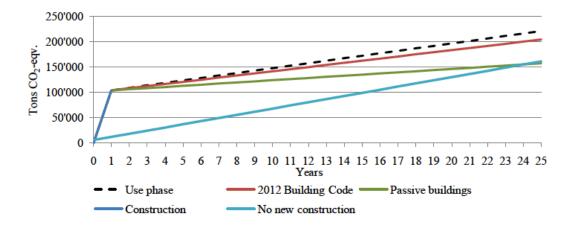
www.mdpi.com/journal/sustainability

Article

A Longitudinal Study on the Carbon Emissions of a New Residential Development

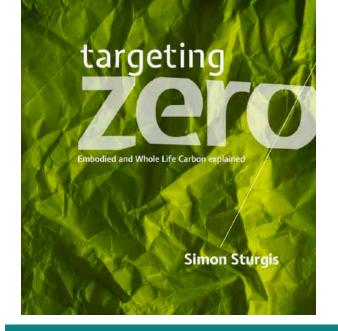
Jukka Heinonen *, Antti Säynäjoki and Seppo Junnila

Figure 4. The life cycle emissions of the residential area with the different building energy efficiencies.

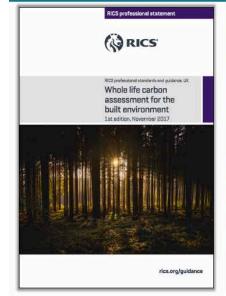


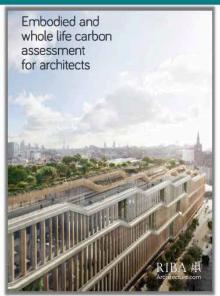
Simon Sturgis in a critique of the Green Construction Board Route Map argues that it fails to take account of whole life emissions and the need to adopt a holistic approach which counts both embodied and life time emissions.

"the total embodied content for say, blocks of flats and many non-domestic buildings, is nearer 60-65%. Passivhaus is in the region of 90+% embodied."



Embodied Carbon: The Standards







There is a general assumption that all insulation materials are much the same, are inter-changeable and can easily be used in all retrofit scenarios Doesn't matter what fossil fuel products you use and where you use it you can still end up with damp!

Is your cavity wall insulation causing problems in your home?

Posted: 6 Mar 2017





CWI IWI EWI

However 95% of the organisations calling for zero carbon, green new deal, retrofitting thousands of houses, alleviating fuel poverty and so on almost entirely ignore the issue of

<u>insulation</u>

Here are ten recent reports on housing, energy zero carbon and retrofit. In over 600 pages insulation is only mentioned 50 times and then only in a very vague and general way



The Green Construction Board

48 pages 2019. insulation only 8 refs



ENERGY EFFICIENCY INFRASTRUCTURE INFRASTRUCTURE

Net Zero Litmus Test 2019. 48 pages. Only mentions insulation 3 times





AFFORDABLE WARMTH, CLEAN GROWTH
Action Plan for a comprehensive Buildings Energy Infrastructure Programme

frontier

Zero Carbon Manchester 2017 26 pages insulation mentioned only once

Zero Carbon Hub. 2014 44 pages Insulation only mentioned twice

Energy Efficiency Infrastructure Group 2017 88 pages

Only mentions insulation and then only in passing 9 times

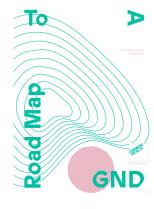


2019 22 pages

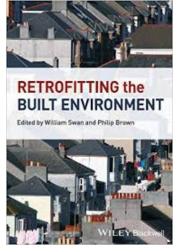
Insulation only mentioned 10 times but only in passing



32 pages 2018 Only 6 references to insulation



Green New Deal. 2018? 37 pages with 8 insulation refs but mostly repetition



234 pages published 2013 Only 5 pages refer to insulation materials



2019 Only mentions insulation twice

How can you discuss retrofit and de-carbonisation without discussing how to insulate homes safely and effectively?





2019 66 pages Insulation only mentioned once

> insulation times but without any discussion of materials

135 pages and mentioned 33

Community Housing Cymru **In-depth Briefings**

Better Homes, Better Wales. **Better World**

Impact of the recommendations on residential retrofit

18th July 2019

Climate change has become an increasingly urgent priority for both politicians and the public across the world, and the Welsh Government were one of the

Insulation to achieve not zero carbon by 2050. Insulation and the control of the





Insulation mentioned 3 times

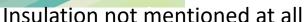
Even God cannot help: Faith and Climate Change 33 pages but insulation isn't mentioned once

Faith & Climate Change A guide to talking with the five major faiths











44 pages

Insulation only

mentioned 5 times







This is the worst (2019) **UK GBC** ..insulation not mentioned at all







Net Zero Carbon Buildings:

A Framework Definition

APRIL 2019

Advancina Net Zero Programme Partners















House of Commons

Business, Energy and Industrial **Strategy Committee**

Energy efficiency: building towards net zero

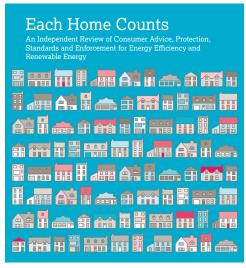
Twenty-First Report of Session 2017-19

Report, together with formal minutes relating to the report

Ordered by the House of Commons to be printed 9 July 2019

> Published on 12 July 2019 by authority of the House of Commons

These are the best documents as they do recognise the importance of insulation and go into some detail



Dr Peter Bonfield, OBE, FREng



Insulation and retrofit problems are we going to see more with the new Green Homes scheme

49. Over the years, householders have experienced energy saving interventions, such as damp proofing and solid wall insulation, which have not delivered the benefits that were promised. This has eroded householders' confidence in such activities. Mark Harris from the Homebuilders' Federation gave the Committee an example of the historical problems:

"I was working at Bridgend council delivering Arbed schemes, and we were merrily cladding buildings and filling cavities full of insulation. Five years later, we've got companies setting up now to take cladding off and to take insulation out because we've realised that, actually, either it wasn't the right thing to do or the skill set that delivered it wasn't properly skilled and it was done in a rush."⁴⁷

Standards of installation

From BEIS

80. If the housing stock is to be decarbonised, almost every home will need some energy efficiency improvements. Yet scams and poor standards of workmanship have blighted confidence in energy efficiency installations. ¹⁹⁶ Issues such as damp from poor installations, hard sell approaches, and scams related to the Green Deal have "exacerbated" the problem. ¹⁹⁷ If there is limited trust in energy efficiency schemes, there will be limited progress in housing decarbonisation and fuel poverty alleviation.



Home



HOT TOPIC

Cavity wall insulation problems are a headache for homeowners

Many are wary of green initiatives after bad installations left them with big legal costs and repair bills

Hugh Graham

Sunday September 13 2020, 12.01am, The Sunday Times



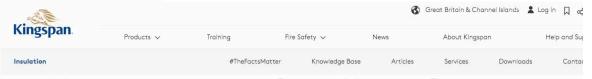
Twm Davies has been fighting the guarantor for more than two years to try to remove insulation from his Surrey house, which has damp VICK! COUCHMAN

FRUSTRATION OVER ADDED BURDENS ON PAS2035 INSTALLS

5 JUNE, 2019

Recent revisions to the PAS 2035 standard for energy efficiency retrofits have sparked concern within the industry that undue burden will fall upon the professionals tasked with delivering the efficiency measures, such as condensing boilers.

The Heating and Hotwater Industry Council (HHIC) believes the new standard could leave vulnerable householders without heating and bury installers in mountains of red tape.



How to register as a Green Homes Grant installer

19 August 2020 | Kingspan Insulation UK



Through the Green Homes Grant scheme, the government is making £1.5 billion of funding available for energy efficiency refurbishments to dwellings in England with a further £500 million to be made available via the local authority delivery scheme. With the scheme set to open in September, installers need to act quickly to ensure they are certified to carry out this work.

In this blog, we answer common questions about the scheme and how installers can get involved.

Mould and damp: Retrofit disasters CWI case



RETROFIT PROBLEMS

HOME » FINANCE » PERSONAL FINANCE » ENERGY BILLS

Green Deal nightmares: 'British Gas botched our insulation – then offered £50 Nando's meal'

Non-existent cashback and dodgy works have left these householders out of pocket. We share their stories below



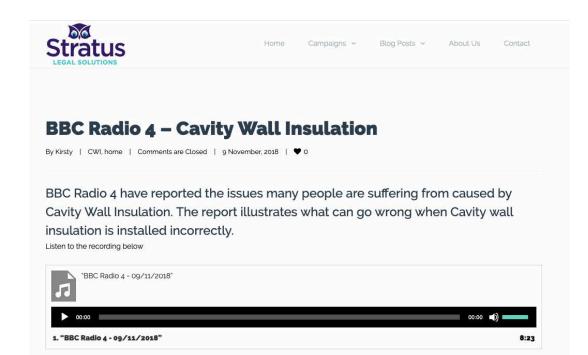
Heidi and Jonathan McInally-Henry say Green Deal works carried out on their home have left it barely habitable

The great cavity wall calamity: 1.5 million homes are blighted by damp after cowboy builders cash in on a Government insulation drive

- Millions of homeowners persuaded to sign up to scheme with promise of cheaper bills by call-centre staff and salesman trying to meet targets
- . The Government scheme was meant to make homes energy efficient
- · But experts claim homes were not suitable for cavity wall insulation
- Victims left with houses riddled with damp and mould from botched fittings

By BEN ELLERY FOR THE MAIL ON SUNDAY

PUBLISHED: 22:48, 21 January 2017 | UPDATED: 01:19, 22 January 2017



One of the best documented disasters Fishwick in Preston





This is Virginia Gill's bedroom wall. She lives in Fishwick. Preston where a home insulation scheme has gone terribly wrong. She doesn't know who to turn to for help. Listen to her story at 0730 @BBCr4today #r4today



This is Afshar Hussain. She has mushrooms growing in her kitchen. When it rains, water pours into her home. She lives in Fishwick, Preston where a home insulation scheme has gone horribly wrong. Hear her story at 0730

@BBCr4today #r4today











Seath Posted Mar 05, 2018 Add new comment



A disastrous failed external insulation contract run under a government energy saving scheme has affected up to 390 homes in Presson with water generation, mould and damp.

Four years on the problems, some of them severe, have only been rectified for some of the affected households. Occupants, many electry and on low incomes, have in some cases reportedly been based to once to recent income.

The installations in Pression took place under the Community Energy Saving Programme (CESP), which required energy compresses to fund energy saving measures in destinatespace communities. And although changes were made to subsequent government schemes, flygrate from Origen suggest that some installations carried out under the newer Energy Company Obligation (ECCI) programme.

published in issue 24 of Pusicie
House Plus maguzine. Want
immediate access to all back issues
and exclusive extra content? Click
have to subscribe for as little as
Cto, or click have to receive the
next issue free of charge





Now on to the exterior – below taken 14th Feb. 2016, note poor finish to silicone and messy fin to the topcoat which is spread over UPVC trim. Hardly done with great care.













Carmarthenshire EWI disaster

The Performance Gap literature just blames bad builders But fails to recognise the inadequacy of high embodied

energy petrochemical materials





A summary of the Zero Carbon Hub's
End of Term report on Closing the Gap
between Design and As-Built Performance
July 2014















June 2018





FIRE AND FLAMMABILITY

We're two years on from Grenfell, so why do these fires keep happening?

Luke Barratt

It's not just unsuitable cladding - a host of other safety issues are not being addressed by authorities and building owners



Barking, Crewe, Clapton, Worcester Park and now Bolton: 2019 has seen at least five major fires in blocks of flats. The latest blaze hit the Cube, a student











The catalogue of failures that make this huge Cardiff apartment complex a 'major concern' fire risk

Two reports identified a series of fire safety issues across the whole development with more than 450 flats



Clapton flats fire: Woman rescued during 'suspicious' blaze

Share

1 2 hours ago





ITV REPORT 9 September 2019 at 11:19am

Worcester Park fire: 'It's gone' - fire rips through block of flats

A four-storey residential block has been destroyed after a fire ripped through the building in the early hours of Monday.





FIRE WARNING Persimmon and Bellway new-build homes 'are fire risk', BBC Watchdog investigation finds

House builders are required to make sure the homes they sell meet fire safety standards

By Alice Grahns, Digital Consumer Reporter 1 May 2019, 0:01 | Updated: 1 May 2019, 8:37



HUNDREDS of new homes constructed by Persimmon and Bellway Homes have been built with "potentially dangerous fire safety issues", an investigation by BBC Watchdog Live has found.

The Persimmon properties were sold with missing or incorrectly installed fire barriers, designed to prevent the spread of fire, according to a new episode airing on BBC One tonight.



'New-build homes not fire safe', BBC investigation finds

① 1 May 2019













Houses developed by Persimmon Homes and Bellway Homes have potentially dangerous fire safety issues, BBC Watchdog Live has found.

Germany's Burning Issue

After the horrific tower block inferno in London, fire protection experts are lining up to warn authorities about the risk from dated insulation used in German housing.



06/28/2017 - 05:00 PM · Share now



NEWS 15/01/18 7:30 AM BY NATHANIEL BARKER

Non-aluminium cladding which had previously been considered safe will be stripped from an east London high rise after experts warned the system may not resist the spread of flame.





Just because the insulation panels don't catch fire as quickly as things like gasoline, once on fire, they present fire fighters and residents with a barely manageable threat. Dirk

Aschenbrenner, president, German Fire Protection Association

Insulating materials in Germany are primarily made of expanded polystyrene - commonly known by its BASF brand name of styropor. About 720 million of these thermal insulating systems were installed in buildings of all sizes nationwide between 1960 and 2012 - although not always to current standards. And there lies the problem.

The building material is classified as "flame-resistant" and is protected from direct contact with flames by layers of plaster, among other things. For that reason, it is considered safe and is permitted for residential and office buildings up to a height of 22 meters (72 feet).

But this can result in "many completely misunderstanding the safety situation," says Dirk Aschenbrenner, chief of the Dortmund Fire Department and president of the German Fire Protection Association. He warns: "Just because the insulation panels don't catch fire as quickly as things like gasoline, once on fire, they present fire fighters and residents with a barely manageable threat Even where good practice is promoted the case for vapour open materials needs to be stated much more strongly With stronger warnings of the dangers of plastic insulation

6.0 SOLID WALL INSULATION: WHEN, WHERE AND HOW > 6.1 THE BASICS OF SOLID WALL INSULATION

38

HYBRID WALL INSULATION (HWI)

HWI is often appropriate where EWI is not suitable for the front of a building (usually on grounds of appearance), but is suitable elsewhere. In these cases, IWI may be applied at the front of the house while the sides and back can have EWI applied.

MATERIAL

The materials specified and used in a SWI project should be selected on two main criteria: a) technical compatibility IWI) moisture-closed systems may be necessary.

Environmental impact is another important consideration, but more for your overall impact on the environment than for their effect on your building. If you are mainly motivated by concern for nature or by climate change issues, then it would be counter-productive if the energy and resources you save by insulating your home are outweighed by the environmental impact of the works.

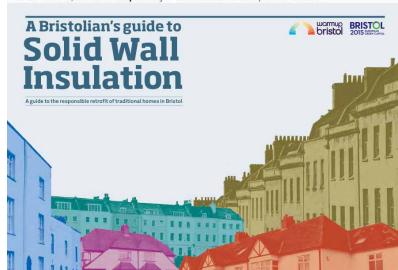
- · How far have the installers travelled?
- How much material is wasted (through offcuts, and so on)?

You can find out more about the environmental impact of materials from the Alliance for Sustainable Building Products (ASBP) at www.asbp.org.uk.





Examples of moisture-open (wood fibre board) and moisture-closed (EPS) insulation materials



Bristol guide fails to address the issue of materials apart from references to vapour open and vapour closed What is the point of vapour closed materials?



Excellent decision making protocol by Nicholas Heath But illustrated with EPS EWI another possible retrofit disaster scheme



We have to make up our minds and go for Vapour open materials with low embodied energy



insulating solid walls - old and historic buildings



WHAT DOES BREATHABILITY MEAN WHEN INSULATING OLD AND HISTORIC BUILDINGS?



HEMPCRETE



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Carbon Co-op

About v What We Do v Membership v Blog Events Q

« All Events

Hemp-Lime Insulation & Building for Self-builders / DIY retrofit 22nd February, 10:00 am - 4:00 pm

« Masterclass: Hemp/lime for building professionals

Energise: a day of retrofit learning and inspiration »



Carbon Co-op

« All Events

This event has passed.

Hemp and Lime insulation workshop

27/04/2019, 9:30 am - 4:30 pm

« A Green New Deal for Homes + Carbon Co-op AGM



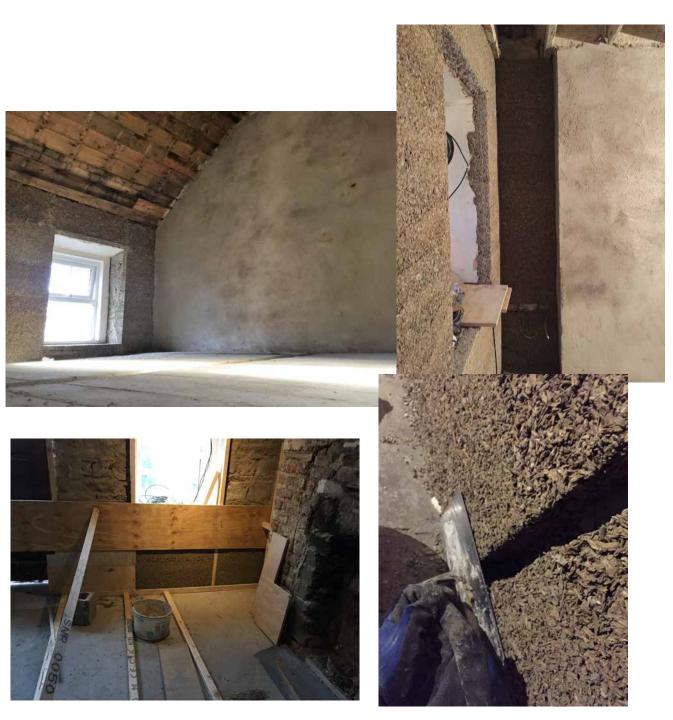
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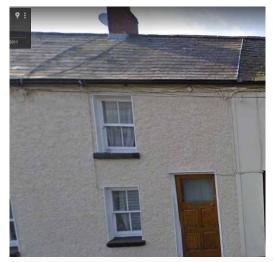
Hemp-Lime Insulation & Building for Self-builders / DIY retrofit 22nd February, 10:00 am - 4:00 pm

« Masterclass: Hemp/lime for building professionals













Supply of hemp readily available









What is hemp and how do we use it

BETTER-THAN-ZERO-CARBON BUILDINGS

ZERO CARBON HOMES

Hempcrete is a "better-than-zero-carbon material". More atmospheric carbon is locked away in the material for the lifetime of the building than was used in its production and use.



Lime Green's State of the art mixing plant

Continuing over 500 years of lime production on Wenlock Edge, the UK's leading manufacturer of lime based mortars, renders and plasters, Lime Green recently completed the construction of our state of the art mixing plant. The building frame required over 150 tonnes of steel. Twenty three storage silos holding over 600 tonnes of raw materials provide the capacity for a daily manufacturing output of approx. 100 metric tonnes. A sophisticated software system ensures highly accurate computer-controlled batching of ingredients for all lime-based products.

"I like what you have done and I have no doubt that this brave investment will benefit and secure your business well into the future."

Joe Orsi of Orsi Contini Consultants, Historic Buildings Specialist



Product Data Sheet

Hemp Lime Binder

Hemp Lime Binder is a low density, hydraulic lime based binder used in the manufacture of hempcrete (hemp concrete). Hempcrete is a bio composite building material which provides enhanced thermal properties to walls and roofs using sustainable materials.

Typically Hemp Lime Binder is blended with hemp shiv and water to create hempcrete as a semi-dry mix. The hempcrete is then normally cast around a steel or timber frame to create a solid, non-load bearing wall. The hydraulic lime used in manufacturing K Lime Hemp Binder is manufactured to BS 459-1; K Lime Hemp Binder is ISO 9001 & 14001 approved.

- · Can be cast or sprayed
- Provides some racking strength for the frame
- · Robust, highly breathable
- · Sustainable, low environmental impact
- Provides both thermal resistance heat storage

MIX RATIOS

The density and strength of the Hempcrete can vary according to the mix ratio used.

Typical values:

Mix Ratios by weight

Hemp Binder	Hemp Shiv	Water	Dry Density	Compressive Strength
(Kg)	(Kg)	(Kg)	Kg/m³	N/mm²
1.0	0.45	0.9	530	0.85
1.0	0.67	0.9	340	0.26

Mix Ratios by volume

Hemp Binder	Hemp Shiv	Water	Dry Density	Compressive Strength
(L)	(L)	(L)	Kg/m ³	N/mm²
1.0	2.7	0.74	530	0.85
1.0	3.95	0.73	340	0.26

The quantity of water to be added may vary depending on the water content of the hemp shiv.

MORTAR CONSUMPTION

Typically 1 cubic metre would require approximately 200 kg of binder, 90 kg of hemp shiv and 180 litres (Kg) of water.

MIXING AND INSTALLATION

Add hemp fibre first followed by the Hemp Binder mix for 30 seconds, then add the water and mix for 5 minutes to give a homogeneous mix

The consistency should be a stiff, almost semi-dry paste

Temporary shuttering (maximum 600mm in one lift) should be installed to create the mould or formwork. The product placed into mould or formwork and lightly tamped into place. Shuttering should be left overnight and can be removed the following day.

PACKAGING AND STORAGE

The product is packed in 20kg bags.

The shelf life is 12 months if stored in dry off the ground in dry conditions, protected from frost and sunlight, in original unopened packaging.

TECHNICAL ADVICE

A technical advisory service is available on request.

In line with our policy of continuous product development, we reserve the right to change technical data without notice.













Kilwaughter Minerals Ltd For UK Sales 9 Statoog Rd, Luma, Co. Antim, N. Inland, 8T40 2TJ Tex 028 3250 0795 Fac: 028 2826 0136 Email: Sales@K-Rend.co.uk www.K-Band.co.uk

For ROI Sales Classis, Ovens, Co. Cork, Ireland fet 021 4872733 Fac 021 4871706 Emait Sales@K-Rend.co.uk www.K-Rend.co.uk Study by Dr. Rosanne Walker at Trinity College Dublin on thermal and moisture performance of different retrofit insulations

Adjutant General's Building, Royal Hospital Kilmainham built 1805
Brick walls with lime render c.800mm

Internal plaster removed c.1990

Monitoring moisture in a historic brick wall following the application of internal thermal insulation

Walker_R, Pavia_S

Department of Civil, Structural and Environmental Engineering, Trinity College, Dublin 2, Iseland email: walkerrolited ie, paviasisted ie

ABSTRACT: This paper monitors the in-situ moisture performance of a solid brick wall following the application of internal insulation using the timber dowel technique. Six internal insulations including thermal paint on line plaster, aerogel (AG), cork-line (CL), hemp-line (HL), calcium silicate board (CSB) and PIR were applied to wall sections.

Improving the thermal performance of buildings reduces building operational energy and its associated negative impact on the environment. However, thermal insulation may increase moisture accumulation in walls undermining their long term durability and lowering their thermal efficiency. Currently, there is a lack of introvledge on the performance of traditional solid walls with respect to heat and moisture and the impact of internal insulation on their hygrothermal behaviour.

The changes in moisture recorded using timber dowels agreed with the moisture recorded using a commercial relative humidity (RH) probes. All the wall sections showed a reduction in moisture content over time as the construction moisture dried. The nature of the insulation significantly determined the wall moisture: after one year, the least vapour permeable and capillary active insulation (PIR, acrogel and paint) had higher moisture contents than the lime based insulation (LP, CL and HL). Moisture gradient across the wall (from the internal surface to wall mid-point) indicate that the lime based materials allow the dissipation of moisture towards the interior surface which is returned by the low moisture permeability of the paint surface, acrosel and PIR.



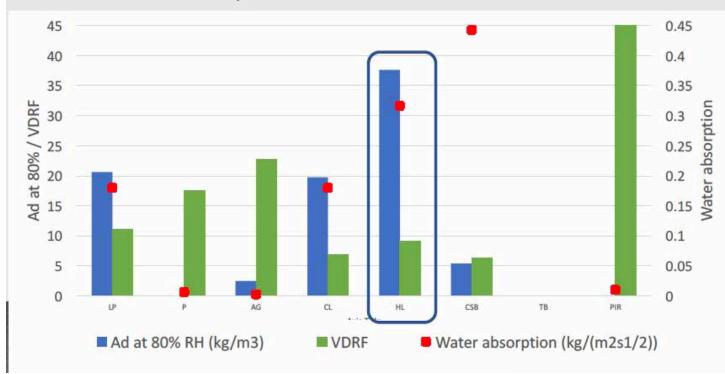


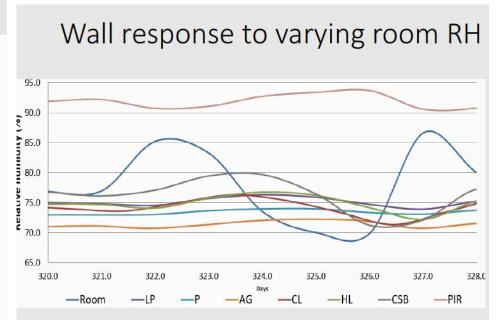
Material	Coat/thickness	Composition
Plaster to level all walls	Scud coat c.5-6 mm	2.5:1:0.63 sand:NHL5:water
	Scratch coat 25-75 mm to make walls plumb	2.3:1:0.67 sand:NHL3.5:water
Lime plaster (control) (LP)	Floating coat c.12 mm	3:1:0.60sand:NHL3.5:water
1807 - 8 11 11 16 15 17 17	Skim coat 3 mm	1:1:0.5 sand:NHL2:water
Painton control lime plaster (P)	Floating coat c.12 mm	NA BANCETY A CANTAL WAY
The Armen and The San	Skim coat 3 mm	As above
	3 coats of paint	Emulsion with ceramic additives
Aerogel (AG)	19.5 mm aerogel and plasterboard	As per manufacture's spec using mechanical fixings
	Gypsum skim coat 3 mm	As per manufacture's spec
Lime and hemp(HL)	2 × 20 mm layers	Hemp:NHL2:water 1:2.9:3.5 (by weight)
Lime and cork(CL)	2 × 20 mm layers	Cork/lime: water 2.15:1 (by weight)
Calcium silicate board (CSB)	30 mm	As per manufacture's spec using adhesive to affix board
	proprietary skim coat c.6-7 mm	Basecoat with mesh imbedded (4-5 mm) and finish coat (2 mm)
Timber fibre board(TB)	40 mm	As per manufacture's spec using mushroom fixings
	proprietary skim coat c.6-7 mm	Basecoat with mesh imbedded (4-5 mm) and finish coat (2 mm)
Thin PIR with foil	37.5 mm	As per manufacture's spec using mechanical fixings
	Gypsum skim coat 3 mm	As per manufacture's spec



Hemp Lime and Cork Lime performed the best In terms of regulating moisture and humidity

Moisture Properties





Hemp Lime best in water absorption

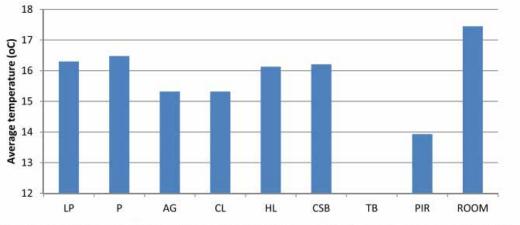


Fig. 11. Average temperature of the wall with different insulation measured at 130 mm depth from the interior wall surface. Error in TB readings.

Hemp Clay research alternative materials?

I am working on the use of clay binders Which has lower embodied energy than lime

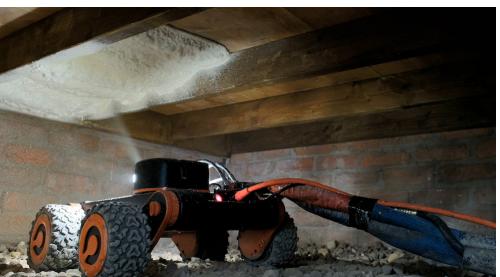




Indoor air quality...do we really want people to have poisonous chemicals in their homes?

High embodied energy fossil fuel materials also create hazardous emissions





"Isocyanates are highly reactive chemicals
That can cause skin, eye and lung irritation, asthma and chemical sensitization"
US Environmental Protection Agency



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Polyurethane insulation and household products – A systematic review of their impact on indoor environmental quality

Dzhordzhio Naldzhiev ", Dejan Mumovic", Matija Strlie"

*Desirate for Environmental Besign and Engineering (EDE), University College Landon (UCL), CX

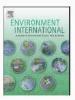
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Higher energy efficient homes are associated with increased risk of doctor diagnosed asthma in a UK subpopulation



Richard A. Sharpe ^a, Christopher R. Thornton ^b, Vasilis Nikolaou ^c, Nicholas J. Osborne ^{a,d,*}

Hazardous emissions from PUR and PIR insulations Isocyanates, polyols, flame retardants, blowing agents and catalysts, by products

Carcinogens and products causing respiratory problems

Research demonstrates that in isolation each group could impact human health, with some carrying higher risks compared to others [13,14].

During the production, and lifecycle, of PU products various organic compounds can be released from the foams into the indoor environment. Scarce data is available covering these emissions and to address the knowledge gap, a compilation of small studies was published by ASTM to provide further insight [15], followed by the ASTM D8142-17 standard for measuring SPF chemical emissions. This collection of reports provides data in relation to SPF emissions and their implications on indoor environmental quality (IEQ). Polyurethane products are found abundantly in modern indoor environments [8], however their cumulative volatile and semi-volatile organic (VOCs, SVOCs) long-term emissions and implications on human health are still largely unknown

^{*} metricle for humalitable therapy (Bird), theretary codesy handers (BSC), CIC

a European Centre for Environment and Human Health, University of Exeter Medical School, Knowledge Spa, Royal Cornwall Hospital, Truro, Cornwall TR1 3HD United Kingdom

b College of Life and Environmental Sciences, University of Exeter, Stocker Road, Exeter EX4 4QD, United Kingdom

^c University of Exeter Medical School, The Veysey Building, Salmon Pool Lane, Exeter EX2 4SG, United Kingdom

Department of Paediatrics, University of Melbourne, Flemington Road, Parkville, Melbourne, Australia

The use of natural low embodied energy breathable materials is growing But we must do all we can to restrict the use of petrochemical materials THANKS FOR LISTENING tom.woolley@btconnect.com

Blog: The advantages of using natural building materials

The use of natural building materials is a vital aspect of creating a sustainable, healthy home for the occupants and the environment. But, what are natural building materials and what exactly are the advantages of using them compared to conventional building materials?







Bad indoor air quality can be another consequence of airtight insulated houses





Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality in New Homes

Health Effects of Modern Airtight Construction

HEMAC Multidisciplinary Network

September 2019 Aecom Limited try of Housing, Communities and Local Government

Dispatches Posted Apr 06, 2017 Add new comment

New build homes face emerging ventilation crisis

Despite increasing standards of insulation and airtightness, housing developers face few requirements to provide better ventilation and indoor air quality for new home buyers — beyond knocking extra holes in walls. But as reports of condensation and mould affecting new housing developments continue to surface in both the UK and Ireland, and research indicates many new homes may have poor indoor air quality, are developers finally waking up to the need for properly engineered ventilation systems?

Ian Mawditt has shown that pollutants from plastic foam external insulation exceeded safe limits inside his house when the MVHR system is turned off

